



KIVETON PARK  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



**ANNUAL  
REPORT**

of the  
Medical Officer of Health  
for the year 1949.

COUNCIL OFFICES, KIVETON PARK  
M.O.H.  
DURLSTON HOUSE, 5 MOORGATE, ROTHERHAM

RIVINGTON PARK  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

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## GENERAL STATISTICS

Area in acres	-	-	-	20,070
Population census 1931	-	-	-	17,034
Population estimated June, 1949				17,320
Number of inhabited houses	-			4,959
Rateable Value	-	-	-	£75,568
Product of penny rate	-	-		£280

## VITAL STATISTICS

### Population.

The estimated population as at June 1949, was 17,320, which was 286 more than the 1931 census, and 210 more than 1948. Of the 17,320 people estimated, 4,087 were under 15 years of age.

For the parish distribution of population see the table of births (Table 4).

### Births.

There were 337 births accredited to the Kiveton Park area in 1949. This gave a birth rate of 19.4 per thousand of the population. The corresponding rate for England and Wales was 16.7. The illegitimate births totalled 19.

Live Births	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate ...	159	159	318
Illegitimate ...	7	12	19
Total ...	166	171	337

The following table illustrates the trend of births over the past 10 years.

Year	No. of Births in Kiveton Park Rural District	Birth-rate
1940	299	19
1941	286	18
1942	283	19
1943	329	22
1944	373	24
1945	302	19
1946	326	20
1947	329	20
1948	296	17
1949	337	19

**Stillbirths.**

Stillbirths	Male	Female	Total
Legitimate	... 3	1	4
Illegitimate	... —	—	—
Total	... 3	1	4

The stillbirth rate of 0.23 per thousand of the population compared favourably with that of 0.39 for England and Wales.

**Parish Distribution — Births.**

Parish	Population	No. of Births
Anston ... ..	2,418	46
Dinnington ... ..	7,470	172
Firbeck ... ..	255	4
Gildingwells ... ..	73	0
Harthill with Woodall	1,405	24
Letwell ... ..	72	2
St. Johns with Throapham ... ..	122	1
Thorpe Salvin ... ..	345	4
Todwick ... ..	293	8
Wales ... ..	4,448	66
Woodsetts ... ..	419	10
TOTAL ...	17,320	337

118 of the above births took place outside the area, e.g. in Listerdale Maternity Home, and were transferred by the Registrar General.



**Deaths.**

There were 183 deaths from all causes during 1949. The death rate was 10.5 per thousand of the population.

**Principal Causes of Death — 5 years.**

Cause	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945
Heart Disease	62	44	47	51	40
Cerebral Haemorrhage	23	15	13	11	11
Cancer	23	30	31	27	18
Bronchitis	10	12	8	6	14
Pneumonia	5	5	7	10	8
Other Respiratory Diseases	2	3	3	1	—
Tuberculosis	6	7	5	4	6
Influenza	1	1	2	1	1
Suicide	—	—	3	—	1
Other Violence	9	2	7	—	3
Epidemic Diseases	—	1	—	2	2

**Deaths from Violence.**

There were 7 deaths from violence during 1949. 4 of them were under 5 years of age.

Causes were as follows: —

- Age 2 — Asphyxia due to drowning.
- „ 22 — Shock due to injuries.
- „ 33 — Shock due to injuries.
- „ 3/12 — Asphyxia due to obstruction of external orifices. Smothered whilst in bed with parents.
- „ 3 — Fracture of skull — road accident.
- „ 4 — Fracture of spine — road accident.
- „ 64 — Concussion and shock — road accident.

**Infantile Deaths.**

There were 13 deaths of children under 1 year of age giving an infantile mortality rate of 38 per thousand live births. The National rate was 32.

The principal causes of these deaths were as follows shown also in age groups.

Parish Distribution of deaths of infants under one year of age in 1949.

PARISH	Broncho Pneumonia	Convulsions	Prematurity	Asphyxia due to obstruction of external orifices	Gastro-Enteritis	Cerebral Haemorrhage	TOTAL
Anston	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Dinnington	3	1	3	1	1	1	10
Wales	—	—	—	—	1	1	2
TOTALS	3	1	3	1	2	3	13

CAUSE OF DEATH	Under 1 week	1 week to 1 month	1 month to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	Total
Prematurity	3	—	—	—	3
Gastro Enteritis	—	—	—	2	2
Broncho Pneumonia	1	—	2	—	3
Convulsions	—	1	—	—	1
Cerebral Haemorrhage	3	—	—	—	3
Asphyxia	—	—	1	—	1
TOTAL	7	1	3	2	13

#### Maternal Mortality.

There were again no deaths of women in childbirth in the area during 1949.

#### Notifiable Diseases.

The following table shows the parish distribution of the diseases notified, whilst a further table gives the age grouping of the same notifications.

Parish Distribution of Infectious Diseases Notified During 1949.

PARISH	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Pneumonia	Erysipe- las	Poliomye litis	Measles	Whooping Cough	TOTAL
Anston	10	—	8	2	—	11	—	31
Dinnington	51	1	20	2	—	9	2	85
Firbeck	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gildingwells	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hartill with Woodall	3	—	1	—	—	1	—	5
Letwell	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. John's with Throapham	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Thorppe Salvin	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Todwick	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Wales	16	—	4	—	1	16	—	37
Woodsetts	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	81	1	33	4	2	38	2	161

Age Distribution of Infectious Diseases Notified during 1949.

Notifiable Diseases	AGE IN YEARS							
	0—1	1—5	5—15	15—25	25—45	45—65	65 and over	Total
Scarlet Fever	—	34	43	4	—	—	—	81
Diphtheria	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Pneumonia	2	1	3	3	12	5	7	33
Erysipelas	—	—	—	—	3	1	—	4
Poliomylitis	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	2
Measles	3	23	12	—	—	—	—	38
Whooping Cough	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	2
TOTAL	5	62	58	8	15	6	7	161



Birth Rates, Civilian Death-rates, Analysis of Mortality, Maternal Mortality and case rates for certain infectious diseases in the Year 1949.

	Kiveton Park Rural District.	England and Wales.	126 County Boroughs and Great towns inc. London.	148 smaller towns. Resident population 25,000 — 50,000 at 1931 census.	London Admin. County.
BIRTHS	<i>Rates per 1,000 Civilian Population</i>				
Live Births	19.4	16.7 (a)	18.7	18.0	18.5
Still Births	0.23	0.39 (a)	0.47	0.40	0.37
DEATHS All Causes	11.1	11.7	12.5	11.6	12.2
Typhoid and Paratyphoid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Whooping Cough	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01
Diphtheria	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Influenza	0.05	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.11
Acute Poliomyelitis and Polioencephalitis	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
Pneumonia	0.28	0.51	0.56	0.49	0.59
	<i>Rates per 1,000 Live Births</i>				
Deaths under one year of age	38	32 (b)	37	30	29
Deaths from enteritis and diarrhoea under two years of age	5.8	3.0	3.8	2.4	1.7

(a) Rates per 1,000 total population.

(b) Per 1,000 related to births.

	Kiveton Park Rural District.	England and Wales.	126 County Boroughs and Great towns inc. London.	148 smaller towns. Resident population 25,000 — 50,000 at 1931 census.	London Admin. County.
NOTIFICATIONS					
Typhoid Fever	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Paratyphoid Fever	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02
Scarlet Fever	4.26	1.63	1.72	1.83	1.46
Whooping Cough	0.11	2.39	2.44	2.39	1.70
Diphtheria	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.07
Erysipelas	0.22	0.19	0.20	0.19	0.17
Measles	2.1	8.95	8.91	9.18	8.54
Smallpox	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pneumonia	1.7	0.80	0.91	0.65	0.55
Acute Poliomyelitis	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.18
Acute Polioencephalitis	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01
Food Poisoning	0.00	0.14	0.16	0.14	0.19
	<i>Rates per 1,000 (Live and Still) Births</i>				
Puerperal Fever and Pyrexia	0.00	6.31	8.14	5.30	6.82

Maternal Mortality.

Maternal Mortality	Kiveton Park Rural District	England and Wales
Abortion with Sepsis	0.00	0.11
Abortion without Sepsis	0.00	0.05
Puerperal Infections	0.00	0.11
Other Causes	0.00	0.71

Rates per 1,000 (Live and Still) Births.

**Diphtheria Immunisation.**

During 1949, 124 children received immunisation against diphtheria for the first time. Of these, 124 were under school age and 5 were school children. In addition 7 children received refresher doses.

The following tables show the number and percentage of children immunised in the various age groups.

Age	Number Immunised
Under 1 year	3
1 year old	74
2 years old	110
3 years old	168
4 years old	150
5—9 years	583
10—14 years	765

Age Group	Number of children in group	Number protected	Percentage protected
Under 5	1,600	505	32
5—14	2,487	1,348	54
0—14	4,087	1,853	45

There were no cases of diphtheria during 1947, 1948 or 1949.

**Tuberculosis.**

	Pulmonary	Non-Pulmonary	Total
Cases on register at 1/1/49	63	23	86
Cases on register 31/12/49	53	19	72
Notifications received during 1949	9	3	12
Cases removed from register during 1949, including deaths	19	7	26
Deaths from Tuberculosis during 1949	6	—	6
Cases transferred to other districts or recovered	13	7	20



## Sanitary Inspector's Report.

The following statistics have been supplied by Mr. L. B. Goddard, Chief Sanitary Inspector.

### Nuisance Inspections.

Total number of inspections for nuisances during year	...	...	...	...	615
Nuisances found in 1949	...	...	...	...	496
Nuisances in hand at beginning of 1949	...	...	...	...	7
Total requiring abatement	...	...	...	...	503
Abated during 1949	...	...	...	...	489
Outstanding at end of 1949	...	...	...	...	14
Informal notices served	...	...	...	...	425
Informal notices complied with	...	...	...	...	411
Statutory notices served	...	...	...	...	48
Statutory notices complied with	...	...	...	...	48

### Tents, Vans and Sheds.

Number in district—permanent	...	...	...	...	7
Number in district—itinerant	...	...	...	...	—
Visits of inspection	...	...	...	...	28

### Drainage and Sewerage.

During the year there have been sewer extensions to the new estates.  
Portions of the district still require sewerage: — Todwick, Woodall and Firbeck.  
Improvement of defective sewers has been carried out at Thorpe Salvin.  
Number of houses not connected to sewers — 330.

### Closet Accommodation.

Number of privies	...	...	...	...	164
Number of pail or tub closets	...	...	...	...	165
Number of waste-water closets	...	...	...	...	Nil
Number of water closets	...	...	...	...	5,286
Water closets constructed during year	...	...	...	...	133
Total number of closets	...	...	...	...	5,615
Percentage of closets on water-carriage system	...	...	...	...	95%

### Scavenging.

Public scavenging is in operation throughout the whole district.  
Total cost of collection and disposal of refuse £6,218.

### Water Supply.

Source of Supply — Sheffield Corporation.

Total number of houses in the district	...	...	...	...	4,959
Number of houses on mains supply	...	...	...	...	4,865
Number of houses supplied by wells and springs	...	...	...	...	94

6 samples of mains supply were sent for bacteriological examination — all were satisfactory.

6 samples of mains supply were sent for chemical examination — all were satisfactory.

### Milk Supply.

Number of milk samples taken for analysis under the Food and Drugs Act, 1938	...	...	...	...	9
Number of cowkeepers in district	...	...	...	...	86
Number registered	...	...	...	...	86
Total number of cowsheds	...	...	...	...	142
Total number of milk cows	...	...	...	...	1,058
Number of milk farms inspected	...	...	...	...	86
Number of cowsheds inspected	...	...	...	...	142
Number of wholesale milk traders registered	...	...	...	...	64
Number of milk retailers registered	...	...	...	...	32

### Milk (Special Designations) Regulations, 1936/1946.

Number of Licences in force in area for production of : —

Tuberculin Tested Milk	...	...	2
Accredited Milk	...	...	5

Number of samples of designated milks taken for bacteriological examination

...	...	...	7
-----	-----	-----	---

Number of such samples which were satisfactory

...	...	7
-----	-----	---

**Ice Cream.**

Number of premises registered under Sec. 14 Food and Drugs Act, 1938	7
Inspections made of such premises	39
Samples taken for bacteriological examination	5
Number of samples which were satisfactory	5

**Meat Inspection.**

Number of private slaughterhouses licensed	1
Number of private slaughterhouses registered	9
Inspections made	287
Number of surrenders of unsound food	Nil

**Other Foods.**

Samples taken (other than milk) under Food and Drugs Act, 1938	None
Number of bakehouses in the district	5
Underground bakehouses	Nil
Inspections made	66

**Shops Act, 1934 — Sections 10 and 13 (3)**

Number of visits paid under the above Act	36
Unsatisfactory conditions found	3
Unsatisfactory conditions remedied	3

**Factories Act, 1937 and 1948.**

Factories where sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are enforced by Local Authorities	30
Inspections made	75
Written notices	8
Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced:	
Number on Register	12
Inspections made	28
Written notices	2
Defects found:	
Want of cleanliness	6
Unsuitable or insanitary conveniences	4
All these defects were remedied.	

**Mortuaries.**

There is one mortuary at Dinnington.

**Housing — 1949.**

Number of dwellinghouses in the district	4,959
Number of back-to-back houses included in above	12
Inspection of dwellinghouses during the year.	
Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	420
Number of inspections made for the purpose	477
Number of dwellinghouses (included under sub-head above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations	318
Number of inspections made for the purpose	379
Number of dwellinghouses considered to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	26
Number found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	186
Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices.	
Number of defective dwellinghouses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	141
Action under Statutory Powers during the year.	
Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	45
Number of dwellinghouses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices	2
By Local Authority	43
By Owners	
Proceedings under Public Health Acts.	
Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	68
Number of dwellinghouses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices — By owners	68



Housing Act, 1936 — Overcrowding.			
Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year ...	...	...	8
Number of families dwelling therein ...	...	...	14
Number of persons dwelling therein ...	...	...	74
Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during year ...	...	...	6
Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during year ...	...	...	9
Number of persons concerned in such cases ...	...	...	44

**New Houses.**

Number of new houses provided during the year: —

By the Local Authority: —

Permanent type ...	...	67
Temporary ...	...	Nil

By Private Enterprise: — 15

## HEALTH SERVICES IN THE KIVETON PARK AREA ADMINISTERED BY THE WEST RIDING COUNTY COUNCIL

Close liaison is maintained between the West Riding County Council services and those administered by the local authority through the Divisional Scheme of Prevention Medical Services which commenced on 1st May, 1947, and has steadily expanded since that day.

The Divisional Office is situate at: —

DURLSTON HOUSE,  
5 MOORGATE,  
ROTHERHAM.

Telephone: Rotherham 3131-2

Divisional Medical Officer of Health: ...	...	DR. J. M. WATT
Deputy Divisional Medical Officer of Health: ...	...	DR. A. P. GORRIE
Chief Clerk: ...	...	MR. A. HILL

**School Health Service.**

Number of schools in district ...	...	12
Number of children on roll ...	...	2,154
Number of schools visited ...	...	5
Number of entrants examined ...	...	264
Number of juniors ...	...	188
Number of seniors ...	...	127
Number of Home Visits by School Nurse ...	...	193
Number of children referred to Paediatric Clinic ...	...	3
Number of children referred to Ear, Nose and Throat Clinic ...	...	41
Number of children referred to Orthopaedic Clinic ...	...	16
Number of children referred to School Oculist Clinic ...	...	41
Number of children referred to Child Guidance Clinic ...	...	2

The School Clinic is held in St. Andrew's Methodist Church Hall, Dinnington.

**Specialist Clinics.**

**Ear, Nose and Throat Clinics.**

Held on the 1st Wednesday of each month by Mr. H. Petty at Doncaster Gate Hospital, Rotherham.

**Orthopaedic Clinics.**

Held on the 2nd and last Wednesdays of each month by Dr. Herzog at the Rawmarsh Child Welfare Centre.

**Paediatric Clinics.**

Held on the 3rd Wednesday of each month by Dr. C. C. Harvey at Carnson House, Moorgate, Rotherham.

**Eye Clinics.**

Dr. F. Fischer, Oculist, attends this Division for one week out of every five. Clinics are held at various Child Welfare Clinics in the Division.

**Child Guidance Clinics.**

Children are referred through the County Medical Officer to Dr. M. MacTaggart, Psychologist, Pitt Street, Barnsley.

### Sanitary Accommodation in Schools.

A survey of the sanitary accommodation in the schools was carried out by the Sanitary Inspector.

In the 16 buildings visited: —

3 had W.C.'s which had common automatic flushes instead of individual flushing systems.

6 had defective W.C.'s.

5 had dirty W.C.'s.

5 school buildings had insufficient urinal accommodation.

4 had defective urinals or urinals without water flushing systems.

9 schools had cold water only on the wash-basins.

5 schools had an insufficient number of pegs.

14 schools had cloakrooms without heating.

### Maternity and Child Welfare.

#### Ante-natal Clinics.

Centre	Day and Time	Doctor attending	Nurse attending
Dinnington Methodist Church Hall	Thursdays 2—4 p.m.	M. J. Hallinan	W. Beresford
Kiveton Park Methodist Chapel	2nd and 4th Thursday 2—4 p.m.	M. Rushbrooke	J. Cheetham N. Priestley

#### Infant Welfare Clinics.

Centre	Day and Time	Doctor attending	Nurse attending
Dinnington Methodist Church Hall	Tuesdays 2—4-30 p.m.	M. T. Jago	W. Beresford
Kiveton Park Methodist Chapel	Mondays 2—4-30 p.m.	B. D. Rawlin	J. Cheetham N. Priestley

The attendances at the Ante-natal Clinics during the year were: —

	No. of women	Total attendances
Dinnington	143	777
Kiveton Park	102	389

The attendances at the Infant Welfare Clinics were: —

	Under 1 year	1—5	Mothers
Dinnington	1,909	794	2,665
Kiveton Park	634	404	1,049

### Health Visiting.

The scope of duties undertaken by Health Visitors has been considerably extended during recent months. Whereas she was at one time, concerned only with infants, she now has to include the care of elderly people, the supervision of infectious diseases, contacts, and Home Help supervision, within the purview of her work.

The shortage of qualified Health Visitors continues and in order to adequately cover the area Miss Beresford moved over from the Kiveton Park district to Dinnington when Miss Barratt retired, and Miss J. Cheetham, for a time, covered the Kiveton district in addition to her duties in the contiguous area of Swallownest.

The following table shows the visits made by the Health Visitors during the year. For clarity I have grouped all the visits according to classification and not to each Health Visitor.

First Visits		Re-Visits		Ante-natal	Others
Under 1	1—5	Under 1	1—5	Visits	
343	1	1,249	1,500	59	259

**Midwifery.**

The district was divided between the following three midwives: —

Name	Address	Telephone No.
Brockley, G.	"Dartrey House," Doe Quarry Lane, Dinnington	Dinnington 206
Bonsall, D.B. (now deceased)	—	—
Searson, L.	4 Lorden's Hill, Dinnington	Dinnington 229

Number of cases attended as midwife	...	...	...	...	182
Number of cases attended as maternity nurse	...	...	...	...	19
				Total	201
Ante-natal Visits	...	...	...	...	612
Post-natal Visits	...	...	...	...	3,409
				Total	4,021

**Gas and Air Analgesia.**

The use of gas and air analgesia during confinements is becoming increasingly popular. All three midwives were equipped with, and trained in the use of, the Minnitt Gas and Air machines.

**Home Nurses.**

Name	Address	Telephone No.	District
Bamford, E.	c/o Pickford, The Villas, Thurcroft	Wickersley 2284	Dinnington, Firbeck, Letwell, Gildingwells, Woodsetts and Throapham
Frost, J. C.	Nurse's Home, Wales	Kiveton 326	Wales, Woodall, Harthill, Thorpe Salvin and Todwick

**Visits by Home Nurses.**

Parish's	New Cases	Visits	Visits by Relief Nurses	Cases trans. to Hospital
Dinnington, Firbeck, Letwell, Gildingwells, Woodsetts and Throapham	77	2,889	406	7
Wales, Harthill with Woodall, Thorpe Salvin Anston and Todwick	109	3,639	211	4
Totals	186	6,528	617	11



### Mental Health.

Miss C. M. Ball continued to carry out the visits under the Mental Health Scheme.

### Ambulance Service.

A sub-depot of the West Riding County Council Ambulance Service is at Wales Road, Kiveton Park, and the following information is given by the Officer in charge: —

Maternity cases to hospital etc. ...	...	...	...	...	65
General cases to hospitals ...	...	...	...	...	1,843
Total ...					1,908

### Home Helps.

This service has proved a great boon to the public. Unfortunately demand for Home Helps exceeded supply.

The lenient rates of assessment necessitated great care in the allocation of work to avoid abuse, and the services had to be restricted more or less to bed-fast cases, maternity cases and people who had no relatives able to care for them.

The total cases provided with this service in 1949 is classified and shown below:

Maternity cases ...	...	...	24
During pregnancy, lying-in or first 14 days ...	...	...	2
Others ...	...	...	29
			55

## S U M M A R Y

In this area each year headache tablets, dyspepsia tablets and constipation pills are swallowed by the ton. Free supplies under the National Health Service Act have added to the impressive quantities of these preparations taken, and no one seems to question the propriety, or otherwise, of this formidable consumption of drugs.

The action of headache tablets is to block the warning signals, that rest is required, given by headaches or minor pains, and to permit the sufferer to carry on to a still deeper stage of fatigue.

Dyspepsia tablets neutralise the stomach acid formed to digest imitating and imitable food and throw the responsibility for its digestion upon the intestinal tract.

Pills for constipation imitate the bowel to activity when a badly balanced diet and a lack of fluids have slowed down the excretion process.

Not one of the three drugs deals with the underlying fault. Only the troublesome symptoms are removed.

It is difficult to convince the public that the discipline required for a healthier way of living is really necessary, when the swallowing of a few tablets will apparently remove the ill-effects of indulgence. Prevention of illness has not the same appeal to the people in this "penicillin age", but it will be only a question of time before the old saying 'Prevention is better than cure' asquires the respect that it held in former times.

J. M. WATT, M.D., D.P.H., D.R.C.O.G., D.C.H.,

Medical Officer of Health.

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The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the study of the history of the English language. It is pointed out that the English language has been a mixture of many different languages, and that the study of its history is essential for a full understanding of the language. The second part of the paper discusses the development of the English language from its earliest forms to the present day. It is shown that the English language has undergone a great deal of change, and that the study of its history is essential for a full understanding of the language. The third part of the paper discusses the influence of the English language on other languages. It is shown that the English language has had a great influence on many other languages, and that the study of its history is essential for a full understanding of the language.

## SUMMARY

The purpose of this paper is to provide a summary of the history of the English language. It is shown that the English language has been a mixture of many different languages, and that the study of its history is essential for a full understanding of the language. The paper discusses the development of the English language from its earliest forms to the present day, and the influence of the English language on other languages. It is concluded that the study of the history of the English language is essential for a full understanding of the language.



CORRECTION - SUMMARY.

\*\*\*\*\*

Please Correct:-

The third paragraph of the summary to read  
"unsuitable and indigestible food"

The fourth paragraph to read "irritate" and  
not "imitate"

The sixth paragraph to read "acquires" and not  
"asquires"

